

Sleepy Hollow Developments Inc. Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management Report, Town of the Blue Mountains

R.J. Burnside & Associates Limited 3 Ronell Crescent Collingwood ON L9Y 4J6 CANADA

June 2014 300035191.0000

#### **Distribution List**

No. of Hard Copies	PDF	Email	Organization Name
5	No	No	Town of the Blue Mountains
5	No	No	County
1	Yes	Yes	D.C. Slade
1	Yes	Yes	Sleepy Hollow Developments

#### **Record of Revisions**

Revision	Date	Description
0	June 2014	Initial Submission to Town of the Blue Mountains

#### R.J. Burnside & Associates Limited

Report Prepared

Ву:

Michelle Zettel, E.I.T.

MZ:Im

Report Reviewed By:

P. Clayton Capes, MSc., P.Eng.

Project Manager



## **Executive Summary**

Sleepy Hollow Developments Inc. proposes to re-develop a 2.0 ha property located at 144 Sleepy Hollow Road in the Town of the Blue Mountains and the County of Grey. The development will be referred to as Sleepy Hollow Developments West and preliminary development plans show 10 residential lots. This development will work in conjunction with a proposed development east of Innsbruck Lane. The development to the east was formerly referred to as Mallins Development and a Functional Servicing Report (FSR) was previously submitted to the Town in October 2013 by R.J. Burnside & Associates Limited. The 8 lots which consist of the development to the east will now be referred to as Sleepy Hollow Developments East. This report will discuss the functional servicing of Sleepy Hollow Developments West and will address some comments from the Sleepy Hollow Developments East FSR submission.

The findings and recommendations of this report are summarized below:

- The site will be accessed by completing a small portion of Salzburg Place, connecting Innsbruck Lane to Alexandra Way. A cul-de-sac will also be constructed off of Alexandra Way, and the northern lots will front directly onto Sleepy Hollow Road.
- The site provides 10 residential lots, with an existing residence that will remain on the northwestern lot.
- Stormwater quantity and quality control will be provided through an enhanced grass swale.
- Municipal water service will be provided by connecting the watermains on Salzburg Place, extending the watermain stub off of Alexandra Way, and connecting to the Sleepy Hollow watermain.
- Sanitary collection will be via connection to the existing Salzburg Place, Alexandra Way and the Sleepy Hollow Road gravity sanitary sewers.

# **Table of Contents**

1.0	Inforn	nation and Planning Context										
2.0		Access and Road System										
3.0		n Drainage										
		Existing Drainage										
	3.2	Proposed Drainage										
		3.2.1 Quantity Control										
	;	3.2.2 Quality Control										
4.0	Site G	Grading										
5.0	Waste	ewater Servicing										
		Wastewater Design Criteria										
		Proposed Sanitary Servicing										
6.0	Water	r Distribution										
7.0	Erosio	on and Sediment Control										
8.0		es and Services										
9.0		lusions										
Tables	;											
Table 1	1: Stor	rmwater Peak Flow Summary										
Figure	S											
Figure	1	Site Location Plan										
Figure	2	Existing Conditions Site Plan										
Figure	3	Grading Plan										
Figure	4	Servicing Plan										
Figure	5	Water Distribution Plan										
Figure	6	Pre-Development Drainage Plan										
Figure	7	Post-Development Drainage Plan										
Appen												
Figures												
Append		Legal Survey										
Append		Stormwater Design Calculations										
Append	dix C	Sanitary Sewer Design Calculations										

#### Disclaimer

This document contains proprietary and confidential information. As such, it is for the sole use of the addressee and R.J. Burnside & Associates Limited, and proprietary information shall not be disclosed, in any manner, to a third party except by the express written permission of R.J. Burnside & Associates Limited. This document is deemed to be the intellectual property of R.J. Burnside & Associates Limited in accordance with Canadian copyright law.

## 1.0 Information and Planning Context

R.J. Burnside & Associates Limited (Burnside) has been retained by Sleepy Hollow Developments Inc. to prepare a Functional Servicing Report (FSR) in support of the proposed residential development. Preliminary development plans provide 10 lots to be built on a 2.0 ha parcel.

The subject lands are legally described as Part of Lot 21 Concession 3 in the Town of the Blue Mountains. The site is located between 2 existing residential developments, with the Alpine Hill Subdivision to the east, and Craigleith Meadows to the south and west. Sleepy Hollow Road bounds the site to the north. There is an existing residence fronting onto Sleepy Hollow Road in the northwest corner of the site, with the remainder of the site being forested. Please refer to Figure 1 for the Location Plan.

This report will demonstrate how the subject lands can be serviced in accordance with the Town of the Blue Mountains, Grey Sauble Conservation Authority (GSCA) and the Ministry of the Environment (MOE) Design Standards.

This report will also discuss any implications that this design will have on the proposed residential development also owned by the Developer, located immediately east of Salzburg Place. An FSR, dated October 2013, was prepared by Burnside and submitted to the Town for the site to the east. At the time of the submission the development was shown as a Condominium Corporation. As a result of the proposed roads and services discussed below, it is proposed that the previous submission be considered a municipal development. For ease of reference we will refer to the 2 developments as Sleepy Hollow Developments East and West or SHD East and SHD West.

# 2.0 Site Access and Road System

The proposed SHD West access is via the following:

- Two lots with direct driveway access onto Sleepy Hollow Road.
- Four lots with driveway access via a new public road cul-de-sac, connecting to Alexandra Way.
- Four lots with driveway access via the completion of a short section of Salzburg Place, connecting Alexandra Way to Innsbruck Lane.

The sight distances at all proposed road intersections and driveway accesses are better than required by the municipal standards. The location of the proposed cul-de-sac from Alexandra Way provides spacing between public road intersections that is better than required by the municipal standards. Traffic volumes are not an issue, considering the small number of lots proposed and the relatively low traffic using the existing local roads and collector roads in the study area.

Sleepy Hollow Road is designated as a Collector Road in the Town's Official Plan. According to the Official Plan, Collector Roads may provide limited access to abutting properties, however new access onto these roads is discouraged, in order to maintain the collector function. Given the long, narrow configuration of this infill site it is reasonable to provide direct driveway access for the proposed lot fronting onto Sleepy Hollow Road. The existing driveway onto Sleepy Hollow Road from the existing residence will remain. This is also consistent with the existing development along this road, which has generally developed via direct residential driveway access to Sleepy Hollow Road. No significant impacts are anticipated from providing 1 additional driveway in this area.

The 4 lots in the central area of SHD West are to be serviced via a public road (cul-de-sac) which will meet all municipal standards.

The 4 lots in the south part of SHD West are to be serviced via a public road which will meet all municipal standards. The connection of this road completes a link in the municipal road network in this area. This will improve the road connectivity for access, emergency services and maintenance for the SHD West development, as well as for the existing development on Innsbruck Lane and to SHD East. Subsequent to the road connection being implemented the local road connections to the area collector roads will include:

- Innsbruck Road to Sleepy Hollow Road to the north.
- Alexandra Way to Sleepy Hollow Road to the north.
- Alexandra Way to Craigleith Road to the south.

The Town's Engineering Standards specify that up to 40 units can be serviced by cul-desacs on a single access up to 250 metres in length. Further, the Standards allow for up to 80 units to be serviced by cul-de-sacs on a single primary access of up to 500 metres in length, where a second emergency-only access is provided. The cul-de-sac proposed to service the 4 lots, located in the centre of SHD West, is only about 71 metres in length and therefore meets municipal requirements. The proposed SHD East development, located on Salzburg Place, east of Innsbruck Lane, is to be serviced with a cul-de-sac that is about 170 metres in length, however there is presently only a single access to that area and therefore the overall access length (about 428 metres, including the Innsbruck Lane connection to Sleepy Hollow Road) would not meet municipal requirements. The connection of Salzburg Place, as proposed in this current study, will provide the required second access to this area and therefore will allow for municipal assumption of the SHD East cul-de-sac.

The proposed connection of Salzburg Place is recommended and is preferred over servicing the 4 southerly lots via a cul-de-sac arrangement. The benefits provided by this connection include:

- Improved emergency access.
- Elimination of an existing cul-de-sac, thereby reducing maintenance and capital replacement costs.
- Facilitates municipal pedestrian connections between neighbourhoods.
- Allows for municipal assumption of Salzburg Place, east of Innsbruck Lane in the SHD East development.

## 3.0 Storm Drainage

#### 3.1 Existing Drainage

Under existing conditions the SHD West site generally drains via sheet flow from the southwest to the northeast at approximately 2.0%. See Figure 2 for the Existing Conditions Site Plan. Runoff from the southeast corner of the site is intercepted by Salzburg Place east of the site. The runoff is then collected by a series of catchbasins on Salzburg Place and conveyed east. The storm sewer outlets into a drainage swale at the east end of the Alpine Hills Subdivision, where runoff is conveyed north to Sleepy Hollow Road. This swale is an enhanced grassed swale which has a small ponding area with a Hickenbottom structure and rock check dams. The proposed roadway and driveways from SHD East will now be directed to this swale for quality and quantity control as well, instead of to the SHD East pond. The swale eventually discharges to the Sleepy Hollow Road storm sewers.

A small portion of the runoff at the north end of the SHD West site flows directly onto Sleepy Hollow Road. The runoff is then collected by catchbasins and conveyed east through existing 1200 mm diameter storm sewers.

Runoff from the remainder of the proposed SHD West development flows overland through the rear yards and side yard swales of the Alpine Hills subdivision. The runoff is then collected through the Innsbruck Lane storm sewer network and conveyed north to Sleepy Hollow Road.

An existing conditions storm sewer design sheet was created for the Alpine Hills Subdivision, and is included in Appendix B. The design sheet was based on the record plans prepared for the site by Henderson, Paddon and Associates Limited in 2004. The original storm drainage area plans accounted for the proposed SHD West site runoff as unimproved open space. As shown on the design sheet, there is surcharging in the existing system during the 5-year design storm event.

The only imperviousness currently on the SHD West site is the existing dwelling located in the northwest corner, and only accounts for approximately 1.5% of the site. The remainder of the site is covered in forest. According to the Grey County Soils Map North Sheet, the site is comprised of Kemble (Type C). A geotechnical investigation of the site has not yet been completed, but will be included at the detailed design stage.

#### 3.2 Proposed Drainage

#### 3.2.1 Quantity Control

The SHD West site was already accounted for in the Alpine Hills Subdivision storm plans (Henderson, Paddon and Associates Limited, 2004). Maintaining the existing drainage pattern would result in the majority of the site runoff being conveyed through the Salzburg Place or Innsbruck Lane storm sewers. However, as discussed above, there is already surcharging within the Alpine Hills storm sewers during the 5-year design storm event. By developing the site, there would be an increase in runoff to Alpine Hills, which would result in a greater amount of surcharging. As a result it is proposed to interrupt the flow prior to reaching the Alpine Hills Subdivision. This will improve the existing storm sewer network, by reducing the flows.

In order to interrupt the flow prior to reaching the Alpine Hills Subdivision, it is proposed to provide a 6.0 m drainage easement along the east side of the SHD West site. This design is similar to what has been constructed for both the Alpine Hills (Henderson, Paddon and Associates Limited, 2004) and Craigleith Meadows (C.C. Tatham and Associates, 2002) Developments. An enhanced grass swale will be installed within the easement to convey flows from the site north to Sleepy Hollow Road.

Rational method calculations were completed for the site to determine the predevelopment and post-development flows from the site. Runoff coefficients and storm parameters were determined from The Blue Mountains Engineering Standards (2009). Table 1 summarizes the pre-development and post-development flows for the 2 through 100-year design storm events. Calculations are provided in Appendix B.

**Table 1: Stormwater Peak Flow Summary** 

Storm Event	Pre-Development Peak Runoff (m3/s)	Post-Development Peak Runoff (m3/s)
2-Year	0.1	0.2
5-Year	0.1	0.2
10-Year	0.2	0.3
25-Year	0.3	0.4
50-Year	0.4	0.5
100-Year	0.5	0.6

As shown in the table above there is approximately 0.1 m³/s additional flow for each storm under proposed conditions as a result of the minor increase in imperviousness. In order to reduce the post-development peak flows to pre-development peak flows, rock check dams are proposed within an enhanced grassed swale. The check dams will slow down the runoff, reducing the post-development peak flow.

Catchbasins will be provided to collect the runoff south of the proposed Salzburg Place, and convey the flow to the enhanced grassed swale. Similarly catchbasins in the proposed cul-de-sac will convey flows to the swale as well. At the north end of the swale at Sleepy Hollow Road, a ditch inlet catchbasin (DICB) will be installed. The DICB will collect the stormwater from the swale and storm sewers will convey the flow to the existing 1200 mm diameter storm sewer on Sleepy Hollow Road. During major storm events, if the runoff exceeds the capacity of the DICB or the downstream storm sewers, the swale will spill over onto Sleepy Hollow Road and will be conveyed east as per existing conditions.

#### 3.2.2 Quality Control

As the majority of the runoff is from rooftops and pervious areas in yards, it will be considered clean (MOE, 2003). The remainder of the runoff from SHD West will be treated through the enhanced grass swale. Enhanced grass swales are effective for water treatment if the drainage area is 2 hectares or less; therefore it is a suitable option for the site (MOE, 2003). Enhanced grass swales promote infiltration and pollutant settling, providing treatment to the runoff. The check dams provided along the swale will reduce the velocity of the stormwater allowing pollutants to settle out. The grass within the swale will also promote filtration of the suspended solids. Additionally, by holding the water back behind the rock check dams, there is the potential for infiltration, allowing

pollutants to remain within the swale. The Low Impact Development Stormwater Management Planning and Design Guide (CVC and TRCA, 2010) also found that enhanced grass swales were effective for water quality treatment on sites 2 ha or less in size. Also, the National Pollutant Removal Performance Database Version 3 published by the Center for Watershed Protection (2007), as well as an article entitled Comparative Pollutant Removal Capability of Stormwater Treatment Practices from the Watershed Protection Techniques both found median TSS removal rates of 81% in enhanced grass swales. The MOE Stormwater Management and Design Manual (2003) requires 80% TSS removal to achieved Enhanced quality control. Based on the reports and articles discussed above, and use of rock check dams within the swale, Enhanced level quality treatment will be achieved.

# 4.0 Site Grading

The site grading design will take into consideration the following requirements and constraints:

- Conform to the Town of the Blue Mountains grading criteria.
- Match existing and proposed boundary grading conditions.
- Minimize required earthworks and rock removal.
- Provide minimum cover on proposed servicing.

Figure 3 provides a preliminary grading design for the site, which depicts preliminary finished floor elevations, road centerline grades and the emergency overland flow route.

The SHD West site has been designed to be compatible with the road elevations on Salzburg Place, Alexandra Way, Sleepy Hollow Road and the existing surrounding residential developments.

# 5.0 Wastewater Servicing

## 5.1 Wastewater Design Criteria

Sanitary servicing and sanitary design flows for the subject lands will be designed in accordance with:

- The Town of the Blue Mountains Engineering Standards (2009).
- MOE Design Guidelines for Sewage Works (2008).
- Ontario Building Code.

#### 5.2 Proposed Sanitary Servicing

The following criteria from the Town of the Blue Mountains Engineering Standards were used to calculate the proposed sewer flows for the development:

Average Flow Rate - 450 L/capita/day (exclusive of extraneous flows)

Inflow & Infiltration - 0.23 L/ha/s

Peaking Factor - Harmon Peaking Factor Formula

Population Density - 2.3 persons per unit.

There are existing gravity sanitary sewers on Salzburg Place east of the SHD West site. A 200 mm diameter stub with a cap currently extends to the eastern boundary of SHD West. It is proposed to remove the cap and extend this sanitary sewer, along with the Salzburg Place roadway, through the site. This sewer will provide servicing for the 4 lots at the south end of SHD West which front onto the proposed Salzburg Place. The Salzburg Place sanitary sewers eventually discharge to Sleepy Hollow Road via Innsbruck Lane.

There is also a 200 mm diameter gravity sanitary sewer located along Alexandra Way. There is an existing capped stub which extends from the Alexandra Way sewer to the limit of the unopened road allowance. It is proposed that the cap be removed and the sanitary sewer extended east into the proposed SHD West cul-de-sac to provide services to the 4 lots which front onto the proposed cul-de-sac. The Alexandra Way sewer also discharges to the sanitary sewer on Sleepy Hollow Road.

Of the 2 lots that front onto Sleepy Hollow Road, there is an existing house on the lot to the west (144 Sleepy Hollow Road), which is serviced by the Sleepy Hollow Road sanitary sewer. The easterly lot will also be serviced by the same sanitary sewer, with a new connection.

See Figure 4 for the servicing plan and Appendix C for the sanitary sewer design sheet. The proposed flows from the development at 144 Sleepy Hollow Road, and the proposed residential development east of Salzburg Place were included in the sanitary sewer flow calculations. As seen in the sanitary sewer design sheet the expected flows from the developments are very low. The existing sanitary sewers will have sufficient capacity to convey the proposed flow.

The sanitary sewer design sheet also includes the flows from the SHD East development. For the SHD East development a grinder pump is proposed for each lot, which will connect to a low pressure sanity forcemain. The forcemain will convey the flows west to the existing gravity sewer on Salzburg Place, which ultimately connects to Sleepy Hollow Road.

#### 6.0 Water Distribution

A water system analysis report entitled Mallins Development Hydraulic Modelling (2013) was completed and submitted during the FSR stage of the SHD East development. This report found that the preferred option would be to construct a new 150 mm diameter watermain from the intersection of Alexandra Way and Lendvay Alley along the east side of the existing (Town owned) dry SWM pond and then north under the existing pedestrian walkway to Salzburg Place. A 150 mm diameter private water line would extend east into the SHD East site with individual 19 mm diameter domestic water service lines to each residence.

However, as discussed in the Mallins Development Hydraulic Modeling Report (Burnside, 2014) which is a revised version of the 2013 report and includes both SHD East and West, the preferred option would be to connect the 150 mm diameter watermains found on both the east and west sides of Salzburg Place. This will allow for the high pressure zone found on the west side to extend to the east. As noted in the 2014 report a pressure reducing valve will be required to manage the pressure difference. This connection would eliminate the need for the construction of a separate watermain from the intersection of Alexandra Way and Lendvay Alley to service SHD East. Instead the existing watermain on Salzburg Place will be extended to the east, to service SHD East.

By connecting the 2 portions of Salzburg Place, and the 150 mm diameter watermain which exists on either side, the 4 lots at the south end of the SHD West site will be serviced with individual 19 mm diameter domestic water service lines.

The lots which front onto the proposed SHD West cul-de-sac will be serviced with individual 19 mm diameter domestic water service lines off of a new 150 mm diameter watermain. This watermain will connect to the stub provided at the road allowance on Alexandra Way.

The proposed dwelling which fronts onto Sleepy Hollow Road will have an individual 19 mm diameter domestic water service line, connecting to the existing 200 mm diameter watermain on Sleepy Hollow Road.

#### 7.0 Erosion and Sediment Control

The Erosion and Sediment Control Plan for the site will be designed in conformance with the Town of the Blue Mountains guidelines, Grey Sauble Conservation Authority, and Ministry of the Environment guidelines. Erosion and sediment controls will be implemented for all construction activities including topsoil stripping, foundation excavation and stockpiling of materials.

The erosion and sediment control strategy will include the following:

- Temporary sediment control fence at construction limits and/or downstream of any disturbed areas prior to grading.
- Gravel mud mats at construction vehicle access points to minimize off-site tracking of sediments.
- Temporary sediment ponds as required.
- Check dams, etc. for erosion/velocity control.
- Sediment traps in catchbasins.
- Routine inspection, monitoring, and repair as necessary of all temporary erosion and sediment control measures during construction.
- Removal of temporary controls once the areas they serve are restored and stable.

All reasonable measures will be taken to ensure that sediment loading is minimized both during and following construction. Erosion and Sediment Control Drawings will be completed as part of the detailed site design.

#### 8.0 Utilities and Services

Provisions for utilities such as hydro, natural gas, telephone and fibre-optic cable, and services such as Canada Post will be coordinated with the respective providers at the detailed design stage. The existing services on Salzburg Place are all underground, and it may be possible to extend the services east or west into the proposed development. Similarly the underground servicing on Alexandra Way will allow for connections east into the proposed cul-de-sac. The lots at the north end of the site will be serviced off of Sleepy Hollow Road utilities.

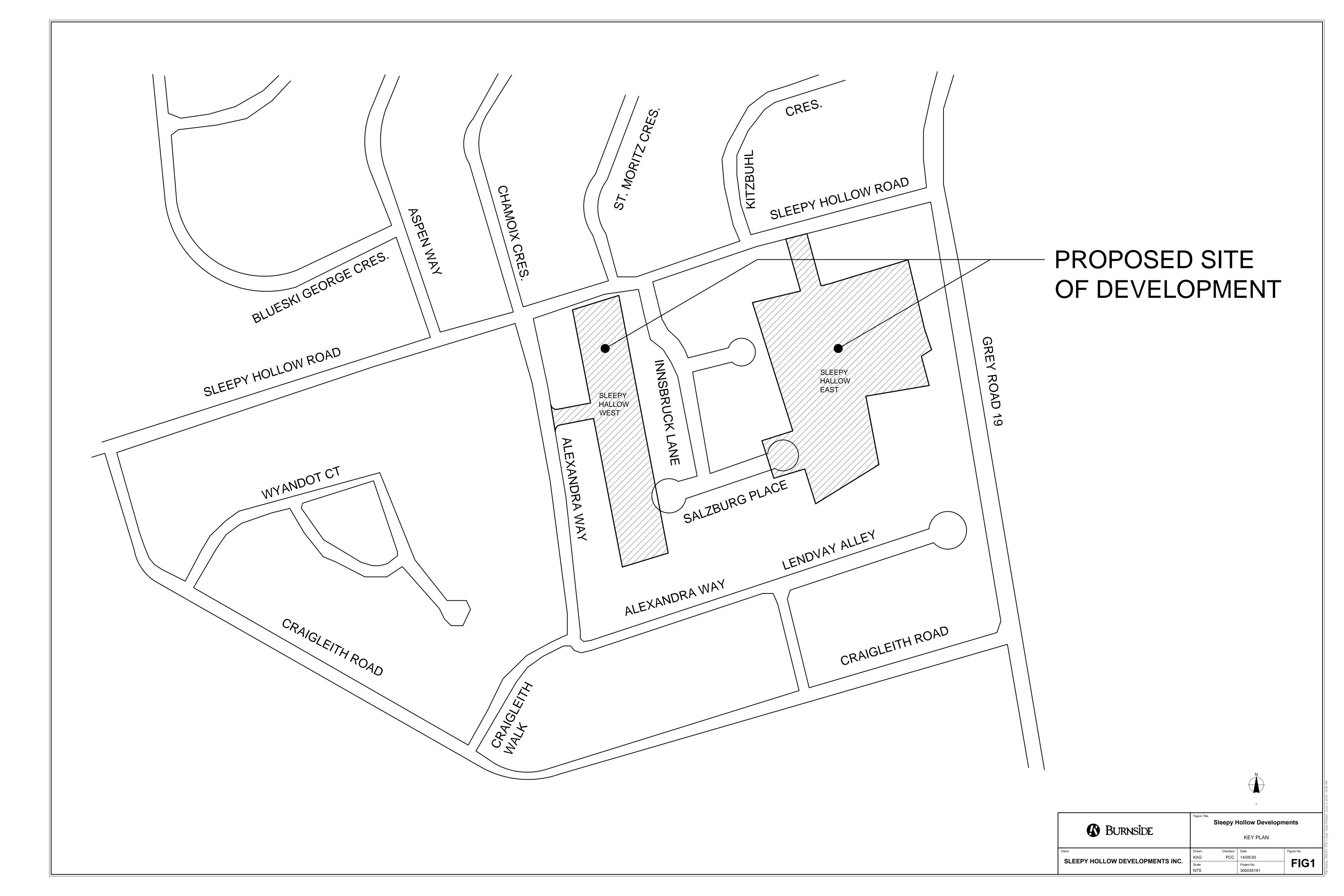
#### 9.0 Conclusions

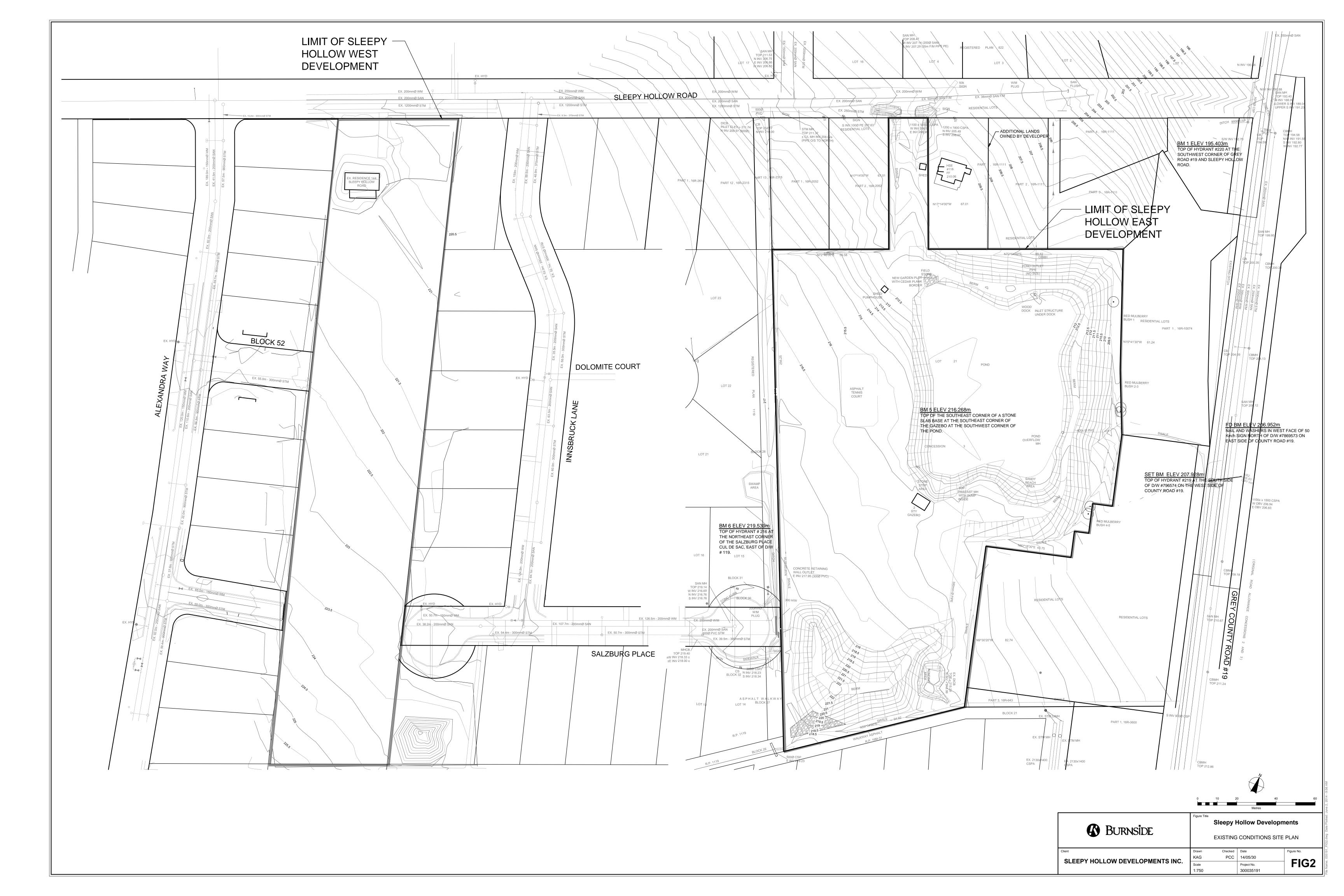
This Functional Servicing and Stormwater Management Report has demonstrated how SHD West can be serviced. Additionally the report has shown how SHD East will be affected by SHD West, and addresses some comments from the SHD East FSR. The findings are summarized below:

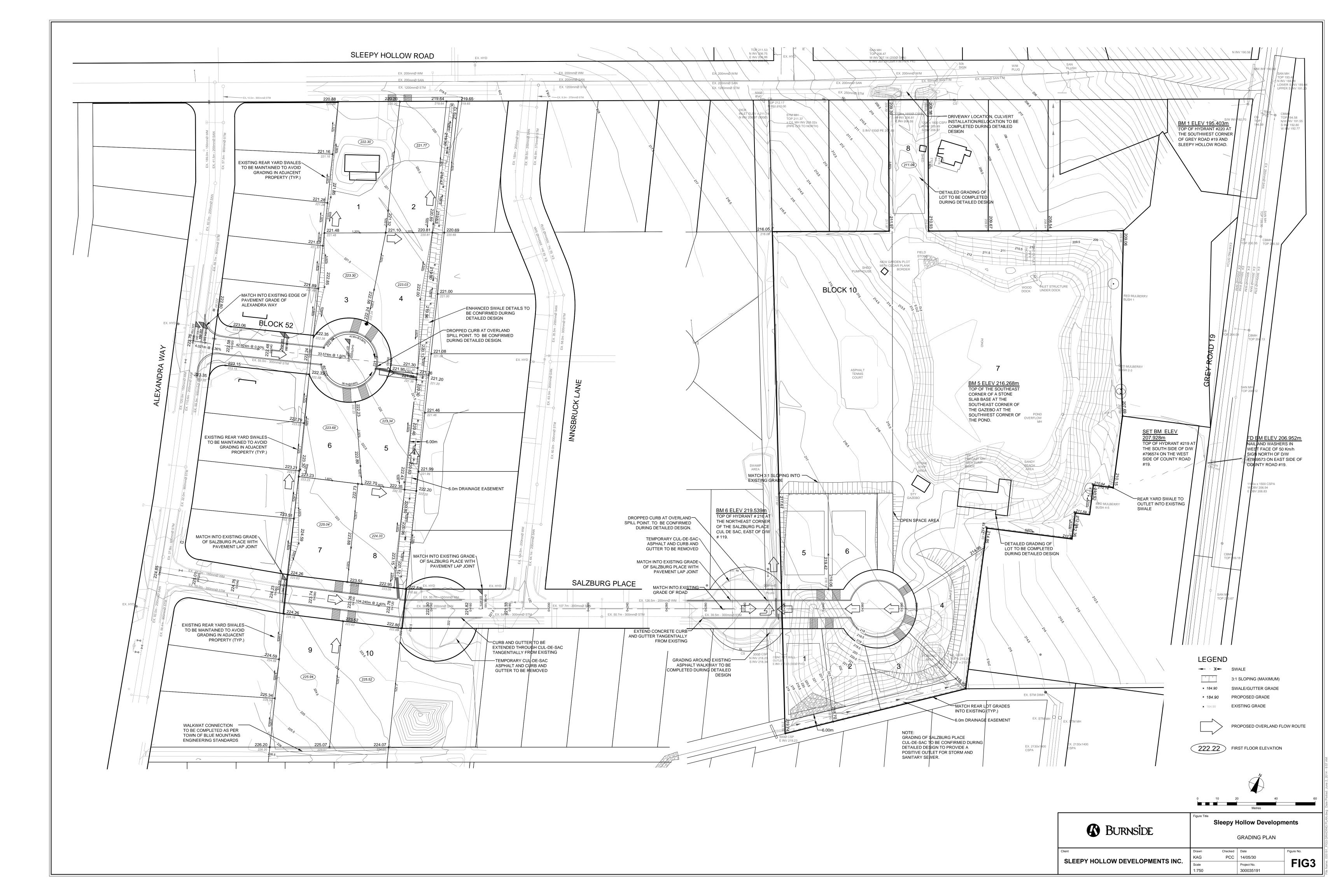
- The site will be serviced in accordance with the Town of the Blue Mountains, GSCA and MOE design criteria.
- The proposed residential development can be developed using connections to municipal sanitary and water services.
- The recommended sanitary sewer discharge point is to Salzburg Place, Alexandra Way and Sleepy Hollow Road.
- Connections to municipal watermains are recommended to be to Salzburg Place, Alexandra Way, and Sleepy Hollow Road.

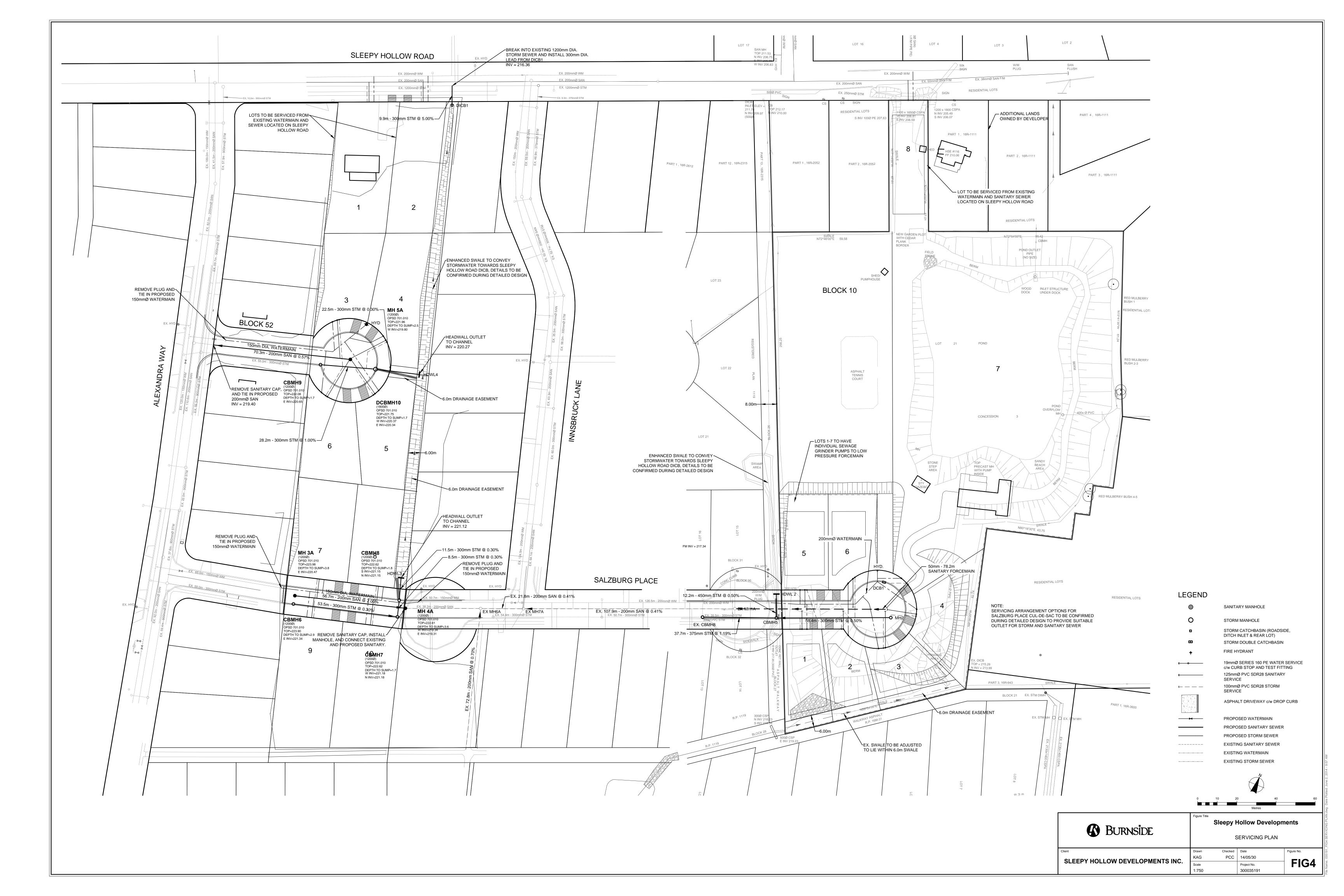
- The site can be graded to be compatible with adjacent lands and boundary roads, and will provide emergency overland flow routes.
- Stormwater quality and quantity control will be achieved through an enhanced grass swale.
- Any traffic issues to SHD East will be eliminated by providing an intersection less than 250 m from the development.
- A viable solution for SHD East water supply has been provided with the Salzburg Place connection.
- Sanitary sewage from SHD East can still be accommodated in the Alpine Hill existing sewers.

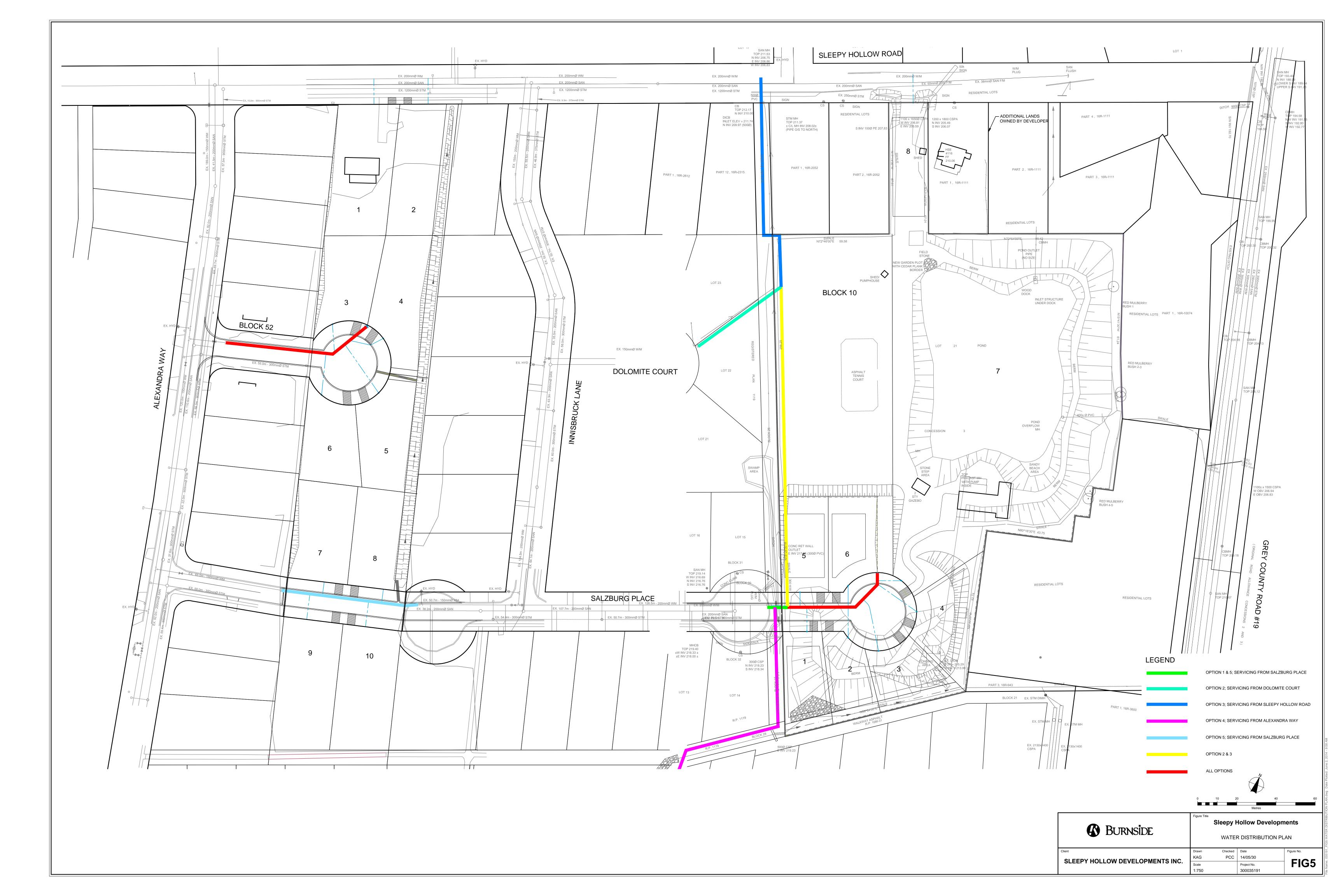
# **Figures**









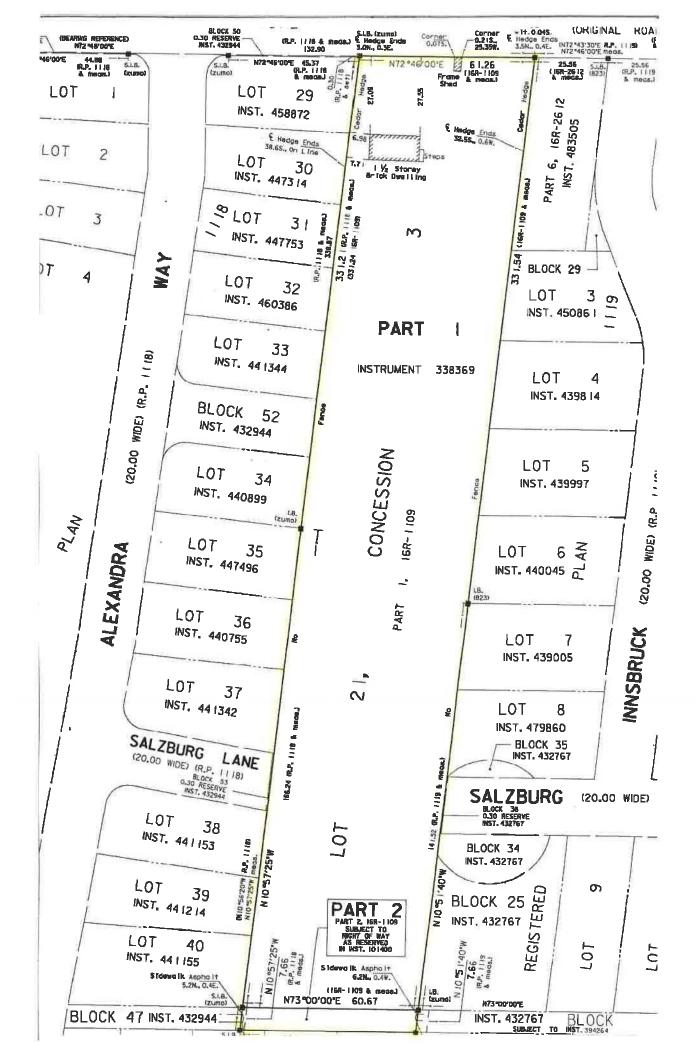








# Appendix A Legal Survey





# **Appendix B Stormwater Design Calculations**

#### STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET: (5 Year Storm)

#### Existing

144 Sleepy Hollow, Town of The Blue Mountains

Project #: 300035191.0

Date: 26-Mar-14



NOMINAL PIPE SIZE USED

Rainfall Intensity = A (Tc+B)^c where Tc is in minutes

 Min. Diameter =
 300 mm
 (Tc+B)^c

 Mannings 'n'=
 0.009
 A =
 1234.576 min

 Starting Tc =
 15 min
 B =
 8.297 min

Designed: MLZ Starting Tc = 15 min B = 8.297 Checked: PCC Factor of Safety = 0 % C = 0.851  $\sqrt{5 \ Yr}$ 

DESCRIPTION	FROM MH	TO MH	AREA (ha)	RUNOFF COEFFICIENT "R"	'AR'	ACCUM. 'AR'	RAINFALL INTENSITY (mm/hr)	FLOW (m3/s)	CONSTANT FLOW (m3/s)	ACCUM. CONSTANT FLOW (m3/s)	TOTAL FLOW (m3/s)	LENGTH	SLOPE	PIPE DIAMETER (mm)	FULL FLOW CAPACITY (m3/s)	FULL FLOW VELOCITY (m/s)	INITIAL Tc (min)	TIME OF CONCENTRATION (min)	ACC. TIME OF CONCENTRATION (min)	PERCENT FULL (%)
Innsbruck Lane	CBMH5	CBMH4	0.48	0.37	0.18	0.18	84.7	0.042			0.042	60.0	1.30	300	0.159	2.25	15.00	0.44	15.44	26%
Innsbruck Lane	CBMH4	CBMH3	0.96	0.35	0.34	0.51	83.4	0.119			0.119	58.0	0.80	300	0.125	1.77	15.44	0.55	15.99	95%
Innsbruck Lane	CBMH3	CBMH2	0.61	0.34	0.21	0.72	81.8	0.164			0.164	52.7	0.80	300	0.125	1.77	15.99	0.50	16.49	131%
Innsbruck Lane	CBMH2	CBMH1	0.91	0.36	0.33	1.05	80.4	0.234			0.234	46.9	0.60	375	0.196	1.78	16.49	0.44	16.93	119%
Innsbruck Lane	CBMH1	STM3	0.14	0.50	0.07	1.12	79.2	0.246			0.246	9.3	0.60	375	0.196	1.78	16.93	0.09	17.02	125%
Salzburg Place	CBMH6	CBMH7	0.87	0.39	0.34	0.34	84.7	0.080			0.080	55.4	2.00	300	0.198	2.79	15.00	0.33	15.33	40%
Salzburg Place	CBMH7	CBMH8	0.46	0.48	0.22	0.56	83.7	0.130			0.130	50.7	0.60	300	0.108	1.53	15.33	0.55	15.88	120%
Salzburg Place	CBMH8	New MH	0.54	0.44	0.24	0.80	82.1	0.182			0.182	39.5	1.14	375	0.270	2.45	15.88	0.27	16.15	67%
Salzburg Place	New MH	New HW	0.19	0.50	0.10	0.89	81.3	0.202			0.202	12.2	0.50	450	0.291	1.83	16.15	0.11	16.26	69%

Project: 144 Sleepy Hollow

Project No.: 300035191
Municipality: Blue Mountains

Designer : MLZ Checked By : PCC

> **Date:** 28-Mar-2014 **Updated:** 21-May-2014

Q = 2.78 Ca x C x I x A (Rational Method Formula)

Q Peak flow in litres per second (L/s)Ca Antecedent precipitation factor

(for storm events greater than the 5-year storm)

A Area (ha)

I Rainfall intensity (mm/hr)

C Runoff coefficient



CATCHMENT Site															
					Rati										
					Area (ha)	2.06									
								$C_{2,5} =$	0.25						
							$C_{10} =$	0.40	$C_{10} = (0.8 \times C_5)$	) + 0.2					
				Ru	noff Coefficie	nt	C <sub>25</sub> =		$C_{25} = (0.7 \times C_5) +$						
										C <sub>50</sub> =	0.55	$C_{50} = (0.6 \times C_5) + 0.4$			
Chicago Storm Distribution															
(IDF Curves defined by A,B Coeffic	cients)			Time of Concentration (min)			$T_C =$	15.00							
Γ	2	Year	5	Year	10	) Year	25	Year Year	50	) Year	10	00 Year	1		
	A =	22.3	A = 29.1		A = 33.6		A =	39.3	A =	43.5	A =	47.7			
	B =	-0.714	B =	-0.724	B =	-0.729	B =	-0.734	B =	-0.736	B =	-0.738			
Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr) =		60.00		79.39		92.31		108.72		$\begin{array}{c cccc} & C_{2,5} = & \textbf{0.25} \\ & C_{10} = & \textbf{0.40} \\ & C_{25} = & \textbf{0.48} \\ & C_{50} = & \textbf{0.55} \\ & C_{100} = & \textbf{0.63} \\ & & & & & & & \\ \hline (min) & T_{C} = & \textbf{15.00} \\ & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & &$					
Peak Runoff (L/s) =		85.9		113.7				295.7		380.1		474.9			
Peak Runoff $(m3/s) =$		0.1		0.1		0.2		0.3		0.4		0.5			
Peak Runoff $(L/s/ha) =$		41.7		55.2		102.6		143.6		184.5		230.5			

<< Elements requiring Input Information

Project: 144 Sleepy Hollow

Project No.: 300035191
Municipality: Blue Mountains

Designer: MLZ Checked By: PCC

> **Date : 28-Mar-2014 Updated : 21-May-2014**

Q = 2.78 Ca x C x I x A (Rational Method Formula)

Q Peak flow in litres per second (L/s)Ca Antecedent precipitation factor

(for storm events greater than the 5-year storm)

A Area (ha)

I Rainfall intensity (mm/hr)

C Runoff coefficient



CATCHMENT Site											
			Rat	Rational Method							
			Area (ha)		A =	2.06					
						$C_{2,5} =$	0.45				
						<b>0.56</b> $C_{10} = (0.8)$	$(C_5) + 0.2$				
			Runoff Coefficie	ent	C <sub>25</sub> =	<b>0.62</b> $C_{25} = (0.7)$	$(C_5) + 0.3$				
					C <sub>50</sub> =	<b>0.67</b> $C_{50} = (0.6 \text{ s})$	$(C_5) + 0.4$				
Chicago Storm Distribution						$C_{100} =$	<b>0.73</b> $C_{100} = (0.5)$	$C_{100} = (0.5 \times C_5) + 0.5$			
(IDF Curves defined by A,B Coeffice	cients)		Time of Concentration	n (min)	$T_C =$	15.00					
_											
	2 Year	5 Year	10 Year	25 Year	50 Y	/ear	100 Year				
	A = 22.3	A = 29.1	A = 33.6	A = 39.3	A =	43.5	A = 47.7				
	B = -0.714	B = -0.724	B = -0.729	B = -0.734	B =	-0.736	B = -0.738				
Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr) =	60.00	79.39	92.31	108.72		120.67	132.69	1			
Peak Runoff (L/s) =	154.6	204.6	296.0	382.9		463.0	550.9				
Peak Runoff $(m3/s) =$	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4		0.5	0.6				
Peak Runoff $(L/s/ha) =$	75.1	99.3	143.7	185.9		224.8	267.4				

<< Elements requiring Input Information</p>



# **Appendix C Sanitary Sewer Design Calculations**

#### Sleepy Hollow Developments, Town of the Blue Mountains

BURNSIDE [THE DIFFERENCE IS OUR PROPER]

 Project #: 300035191
 Min Diameter | 200 mm
 Avg. Domestic Flow = | 45.0 | 1/cl |
 1/cl |

 Date: 26-May-14
 Mannings 'n' = | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 | 0.009 |

Factor of Safety = 10 % NOMINAL PIPE SIZE USED

						RESIDENTIA	L				COMMER	CIAL/INDUST	RIAL/INSTITU	TIONAL				FLOW CA	CULATIONS				1	PIPE DATA					
											- COMMILIN									CONSTANT				PIPE				T	
DESCRIPTION	FROM	то		ACC.					ACCUM.		ACC.	EQUIV.	FLOW	EQUIV.	ACCUM.	INFILTRATION	TOTAL	PEAKING	POP.	COMM.	ACCUM.	TOTAL	SLOPE	DIAMETER	FULL FLOW	<b>FULL FLOW</b>	ACTUAL	PERCENT	
	MH	MH	AREA	AREA	UNITS	DENISTY	DENSITY	POP	RES.	AREA	AREA	POP.	RATE	POP.	EQUIV.		ACCUM.	FACTOR	FLOW	FLOW	COMM. FLOW	FLOW			CAPACITY	VELOCITY	VELOCITY	FULL	
			(ha)	(ha)	(#)	(P/ha)	(P/unit)		POP.	(ha)	(ha)	(p/ha)	(l/s/ha)		POP.	(I/s)	POP.		(I/s)	(l/s)	(I/s)	(l/s)	(%)	(mm)	(l/s)	(m/s)	(m/s)	(%)	
Salzburg Place	EX MH1A	EX 7	2.94	2.94	17		2.3	40	40							0.7	40	4.33	0.9			1.6	0.40	200	30.0	0.95	0.50	5%	
Salzburg Place	MH3A	MH4A	0.82	0.82	4		2.3	10	10							0.2	10	4.41	0.2			0.4	2.00	200	67.0	2.13	0.59	1%	
Salzburg Place	MH4A	EX 6	0.38	1.20	6		2.3	14	24							0.3	24	4.37	0.5			0.8	0.42	200	30.7	0.98	0.42	3%	
Salzburg Place	EX 6	EX 7	3.01	4.21	20		2.3	46	70							1.0	70	4.28	1.6			2.5	0.40	200	30.0	0.95	0.58	8%	
Innsbruck Lane	EX 7	EX 5	0.43	7.58	2		2.3	5	115							1.7	115	4.23	2.5			4.3	0.40	200	30.0	0.95	0.68	14%	
Innsbruck Lane	EX 5	EX 3	0.43	8.01	2		2.3	5	120							1.8	120	4.22	2.6			4.5	0.60	200	36.7	1.17	0.79	12%	
Dolomite Court	EX 4	EX 3	1.30	1.30	7		2.3	17	17							0.3	17	4.39	0.4			0.7	0.40	200	30.0	0.95	0.39	2%	
Innsbruck Lane	EX 3	EX 2	0.22	9.53	1		2.3	3	140							2.2	140	4.20	3.1			5.3	0.40	200	30.0	0.95	0.72	18%	
Innsbruck Lane	EX 2	EX 1	0.22	9.75	1		2.3	3	143							2.2	143	4.20	3.1			5.4	0.40	200	30.0	0.95	0.72	18%	
Innsbruck Lane	EX 1	SHMH4	0.27	10.02	1		2.3	3	146							2.3	146	4.19	3.2			5.5	0.50	200	33.5	1.07	0.79	16%	
Alexandra Way	CM PLUG	CMMH6			72		2.3	166	166								166	4.18	3.6			3.6	1.00	200	47.4	1.51	0.89	8%	
Alexandra Way	CMMH6	CMMH5	0.76	0.76	4		2.3	10	176							0.2	176	4.17	3.8			4.0	1.65	200	60.9	1.94	1.09	7%	
Alexandra Way	CMMH5	CMMH4	1.15	1.91	7		2.3	17	193							0.4	193	4.15	4.2			4.6	1.25	200	53.0	1.69	1.04	9%	
Alexandra Way	CMMH4	CMMH3	1.64	3.55	9		2.3	21	214							0.8	214	4.14	4.6			5.4	1.64	200	60.7	1.93	1.20	9%	
New Cul-de-Sac (West)	MH5A	CMMH3	0.88	0.88	4		2.3	10	10							0.2	10	4.41	0.2			0.4	0.57	200	35.8	1.14	0.39	1%	
Alexandra Way	CMMH3	CMMH2	0.84	5.27	6		2.3	14	238							1.2	238	4.12	5.1			6.3	0.90	200	44.9	1.43	1.01	14%	
Alexandra Way	CMMH2	SH PLUG	0.62	5.89	4		2.3	10	248							1.4	248	4.11	5.3			6.7	0.75	200	41.0	1.31	0.96	16%	
•																													
Alexandra Way	SH PLUG	SHMH2		5.89					248							1.4	248	4.11	5.3			6.7	0.75	200	41.0	1.31	0.96	16%	
Sleepy Hollow Road	SHMH2	SHMH3		5.89					248							1.4	248	4.11	5.3			6.7	1.71	200	62.0	1.97	1.29	11%	
Sleepy Hollow Road	SHMH3	SHMH4		5.89	1		2.3	3	251							1.4	251	4.11	5.4			6.7	1.76	200	62.9	2.00	1.30	11%	
	Notes:																												
		The flows	from the SI	eepy Hollov	v Road Eas	t developme	ent will conn	ect to the A	Alpine Hills s	anitary sewers	s via a low p	oressure sa	nitary force	main, these	values inco	rporate the forcema	in flows.												
	- "EX" denote	es an existir	ng Alpine H	ills structure	е																								
·	- "CM" denot	tes an existi	ng Craigleit	th Meadows	s structure					•						-													
·	- "SH" denot	es an existir	ng structure	on Sleepy	Hollow Roa	ad																							
·																													
																·													
																·													
																·													
																·													
																·													
·																													
·																													
·																			1		1				1				