



Policy

POL.COR.21.01

Flag Protocol and Proclamation Policy

Policy Type: Corporate Policy
Date Approved: May 8, 2023
Department: Administration
Staff Report: FAF.21.045, FAF.23.045
By-Law No.: N/A
Previous Policy Repealed: POL.COR.15.01

Policy Statement

Establishment of guidelines for the raising and lowering of flags at municipally owned facilities and standards for processing requests.

Purpose

Ensure consistency with regards to flags flown at municipally owned facilities and establish a standard for which proclamation requests received by the Town are processed and issued in recognition of individuals, events, organizations, or community groups of significance for the Town.

Application

This Policy applies to staff when considering the criteria and decision making of staff when determining whether municipally owned flags may be lowered to half masts in recognition of a death of an individual, and the policy applies to all proclamation requests received by the Town and to all municipally owned facilities, save Thornbury Harbour (41 Bruce Street North, Thornbury) and Jack Acres Park (229 Bruce Street South, Thornbury).

Definitions

“Current Member of Council” means an individual that was elected and or holds the Office of Mayor, or position of the Deputy Mayor or of Councillor for the current Term of Council at the time of their passing.

“Current Member of Staff” means an individual that is currently employed by the Town on a Part-Time, Contract, Seasonal, or Full-Time basis, or is currently on Long-Term or Short-Term disability at time of their death.

“Immediate Family Members” means the current spouse or partner, child, stepchild, or person they are responsible for of an existing member of Council or current member of Town staff.

“Prominent Public Figures and Other Individuals” means members of Federal and Provincial Government, previous members of Council or of staff of the Town of The Blue Mountains, Collingwood Township and/or Town of Thornbury, or the immediate family member of a current member of Council or current staff member and/or a current member of the Police Services Board and/or a current member of a Town Committee that has been established by Council.

Procedures

Flags and Flag Poles

1. Flags shall only be flown from the flag poles at the municipally owned facilities listed in Schedule A of this policy.
2. Municipally owned facilities may display the National Flag of Canada, the Flags of the Provinces and Territories of Canada, the Municipal Flag as well as any other flag endorsed by Town of The Blue Mountains Council.

Flying Flags at Half-Mast

3. All Flags identified in Part 1 of Schedule A of this policy shall be flown at half-mast in recognition of the death of a Current Member of Council or Current Member of Staff. Flags will be lowered two (2) days after the death of the individual at the earliest and flags will be flown at half-mast until the fourth (4th) day of the individuals passing.
4. Flags identified in Part 2 of Schedule A of this policy are flown at half-mast in recognition of the death of a Prominent Public Figure(s) and Other Individuals. All three flags at Town Hall shall be flown at half-mast at the direction of the Chief Administrative Officer (CAO) or designate. Flags will be lowered two (2) days after the death of the individual at the earliest and flags will be flown at half-mast for two (2) days after the flags have been lowered.
5. Flags are flown at half-mast in recognition of the death of a member(s) of the Ontario Provincial Police (OPP) Force killed in the line of duty. All flags identified in Part 3 of Schedule A of this Policy Town shall be flown at half-mast upon the direction of the CAO or designate. Flags will be flown at half-mast for four (4) days of the individual's passing.

Flag Protocol and Proclamation Policy

6. Flags may be flown at half-mast at municipally owned facilities identified in Part 4 of Schedule A of this Policy at the discretion of the CAO to recognize the death of a person previously employed by the Town or a community member that has had a significant contribution to the history of a Town Owned Facility and or programs provided relating to that specific facility. Flags will be lowered two (2) days after the death of the individual at the earliest after notification and flags will be flown at half-mast for four days after they have been lowered.
7. In the cases where sections 3, 4, 5 and/or 6 of this policy are applied, communication will be made by the CAO or their designate via email to all members of Council and Town staff notifying of the reason for the lowering of the flags. For external communication, a posting of a standardized message on the Town's Website acknowledging the passing of the individual with the posting remaining in place consistent with duration of the lowering of the flags.
8. Municipal Fire Halls shall be permitted to fly their flags at half-mast in recognition of the death of any Fire Fighter at the discretion of Fire Chief or designate.
9. On Remembrance Day, flags at Town Hall, Fire Hall 1 and the local OPP Detachment shall be flown at half-mast from sunrise to sunset as a sign of mourning. However, if a service is held at a flagpole, the flag will be lowered from the time of service until sunset.

Flag Order

10. As a general rule, the National Flag of Canada should be displayed in accordance with Federal General Rules for Flying and Displaying the Canadian Flag and other Flags in Canada which is attached as Schedule B.

Flags for Proclamations

11. If a flag raising is requested and/or if a flag related to the proclamation is available, the flag shall be flown at the Riverwalk Flagpole. Flags shall be flown for the duration of the related proclamation. If the dates of two or more proclamations overlap, staff will use discretion to provide each proclamation with a reasonable amount of time as related to the recognition and awareness period.
12. The Riverwalk flagpole, located at 26 Bridge Street, shall be the designated flagpole used to fly proclamation flags at the discretion of Council. Flags shall be flown for the duration of the approved proclamation.

Proclamation Criteria

13. Proclamations that demonstrate an interest in or relationship with the Town and that demonstrate respect for the residents of the Town, including, but not limited to the following, may be issued if approved through the proclamation process:

- a) Civic promotions
- b) Public awareness campaigns
- c) Charitable fundraising campaigns
- d) Arts and cultural celebrations
- e) Special honours for individuals or organizations for special achievements

14. Proclamations will not be issued for the following:

- a) Matters of political controversy
- b) Religious organizations or religious events or celebrations
- c) Individual convictions
- d) Organizations or events with no direct relationship to Town of The Blue Mountains
- e) Celebrations, campaigns or events contrary to Town Policies or by-laws
- f) Celebrations, campaigns or events intended for profit making purposes
- g) Attempting to influence government policy
- h) National, Independence or Republic Days

15. Proclamations are issued at the discretion of Council. An organization does not have exclusive rights to the day, week, or month of their proclamation.

Application Process

16. All organizations and/or persons submitting a request for proclamation shall complete an "Application for Proclamation" as laid out in Schedule C of this policy. This application will be retained by the Clerk's Office and will be reviewed as part of the approval process. Approvals shall be based on a first come first served basis based on the date the request was received by the Clerk's Office. If the requested proclamation is already included on the Council approved list of proclamations, then no formal request is required to be submitted for approval. The Town Proclamation list is attached to this policy as Schedule D.

Previously Proclaimed Requests

17. If it is determined that a proclamation request has been granted in the past five (5) years, the request will be reviewed by the Clerk against the approved eligibility criteria and will be presented to the Mayor for approval. In the absence of the Mayor, the approval will be delegated to the Deputy Mayor.

Proclamations Not Previously Requested

18. When a proclamation request is received that has not been previously granted by Council in the last five (5) years and if the requested proclamation is not included on the Council approved list of proclamations, the request will first be reviewed by the Clerk against the approved eligibility criteria. If eligible, the Clerk will place the request on an agenda for Committee of the Whole and/or Council for consideration.
19. If a proclamation request is denied by the Clerk as part of the eligibility review, the Clerk shall advise the Mayor.

Communication

20. To ensure fairness, all approved proclamations receive the same level of support and promotion from the Town, which includes:
 - a) Press release and/or Notice of Proclamation posted on the Town website;
 - b) Posting and recognition of the proclamation on the Town's Social Media Accounts;
 - c) Recognition of the proclamation in the Town's Monthly E-Newsletter;
 - d) A proclamation certificate issued by the Office of the Mayor;
 - e) Flag raising and photo at the Riverwalk Flagpole (in applicable).

If desired, organizations and/or supporters are welcome to coordinate additional activities outside of the standard support and promotion activities provided by the Town, as referenced above.

Record of Proclamations

21. The Clerk's Office will maintain a record of all proclamation requests received that will include when the request was received, whether the proclamation request was granted or denied and by whom (Mayor and/or Council), the proclamation period (day, week, month) and the date approval was granted.

Exclusions

The nautical flagpole located at the Thornbury Municipal Harbour shall be exempt from the Flag Order Protocol and follow the protocol for flying nautical flags.

The flag pole at Jack Acres Park shall be exempt from this Policy and shall be operated by the Canadian Legion.

References and Related Policies

Government of Canada – Rules for Flying the Flag
<http://www.pch.gc.ca/eng/1359048153800>

Consequences of Non-Compliance

Consequences shall commensurate with the severity of the breach of this policy.

Review Cycle

This policy will be reviewed during each term of Council by the CAO, Senior Management Team and Council in open session.

SCHEDULE A**Part 1 - Municipally Owned Flagpole Locations that shall be lowered to half-mast as outlined in Section 3 of this Policy**

1. Beaver Valley Community Centre	58 Alfred Street West	2 Flagpoles
2. Fire Hall 1	496916 Grey Road 2	3 Flagpoles
3. Teed Hall	796338 Grey Road 19	1 Flagpole
4. Town Hall	32 Mill Street	3 Flagpoles
5. Riverwalk	26 Bridge Street	1 Flagpole
6. Jack Acres Park	229 Bruce Street	4 Flagpoles

Part 2 - Municipally Owned Flagpole Locations that can be lowered to half-mast as outlined in Section 4 of this Policy

1. Town Hall	32 Mill Street	3 Flagpoles
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Part - 3 Municipally Owned Flagpole Locations that can be lowered to half-mast as outlined in Section 5 of this Policy

1. Town Hall	32 Mill Street	3 Flagpoles
2. OPP Detachment	364 Clark Street	1 Flagpole
3. Fire Hall 1	496916 Grey Road 2	3 Flagpoles
4. Teed Hall	796338 Grey Road 19	1 Flagpole

Part – 4 Municipally Owned Flagpole Locations that can be lowered to half-mast as outlined in Section 6 of this Policy

1. Beaver Valley Community Centre	58 Alfred Street West	2 Flagpoles
2. Moreau Park	128 Alfred Street West	1 Flagpole
3. Ravenna Hall	628299 Grey Road 119	1 Flagpole
4. Tomahawk Operations Centre	417230 10th Line	1 Flagpole
5. Jack Acres Park	229 Bruce Street	4 Flagpoles
6. Bayview Park	60 Bay Street East	1 Flagpole

Other Municipally Owned Flagpole Locations

1. Bayview Park	60 Bay Street East	1 Flagpole
2. Craigleith Heritage Depot	113 Lakeshore Road East	1 Flagpole
3. Delphi Point Park	209233 Highway 26	1 Flagpole
4. Little River Park	4 Harbour Street	1 Flagpole
5. Northwinds Beach	209605 Highway 26	1 Flagpole
6. Blue Mountains Public Library	173 Bruce Street South	1 Flagpole
7. Tomahawk Operations Centre	417230 10th Line	1 Flagpole

SCHEDULE B



Canadian Heritage

Home > Canadian Identity > Anthems and Symbols > National Symbols

> The National Flag of Canada > Flag Etiquette in Canada > Rules for Flying the Flag

Rules for Flying the Flag

Updated April 2003 - changes will be reflected in new edition of Flag Etiquette publication.

- [Dignity of the Flag](#)
- [Displaying the Flag](#)
- [Position of honour](#)
- [Half-masting for Mourning](#)
- [Disposal of Flags](#)

Dignity of the Flag

The National Flag of Canada should be displayed only in a manner befitting this important national symbol; it should not be subjected to indignity or displayed in a position inferior to any other flag or ensign. The National Flag always takes precedence over all other national flags when flown in Canada. The only flags to which precedence is given over the Canadian flag are the personal standards of members of the Royal Family and of Her Majesty's eleven representatives in Canada (i.e. [The Governor General and 10 Lieutenant Governors](#)).

The National Flag of Canada should always be flown on its own mast - flag protocol dictating that it is improper to fly two or more flags on the same mast (eg. one beneath the other). Further, the following points should be kept in mind:

- The National Flag of Canada should not be used as table/seat cover, as a masking for boxes or as a barrier on a dais or platform.
- While it is not technically incorrect to use the National Flag of Canada to cover a statue, monument or plaque for an unveiling ceremony, it is not common practice to do so and should be discouraged.
- Nothing should be pinned to or sewn on the National Flag of Canada.
- The National Flag of Canada should not be signed or marked in any way (A border could be attached to the outside edge of the Flag on which it would be acceptable to have signatures leaving the Flag itself untouched).

When the National Flag of Canada is raised or lowered, or when it is carried past in a parade or review, all present should face the flag, men should remove their hats, and all should remain silent. Those in uniform should salute.

Displaying the Flag

The National Flag is flown at all federal government buildings, airports, and military bases and establishments within and outside Canada. The flag may be flown by night as well as by day.

The National Flag of Canada may be displayed as follows:

Flat against a surface, horizontally and vertically

If hung horizontally, the upper part of the leaf should be up and the stem down. If hung vertically, the flag should be placed so that the upper part of the leaf points to the left and the stem to the right from the point of view of the observer facing the flag. Flags hung vertically should be hung so that the canton is in the upper left corner (Figure 4).

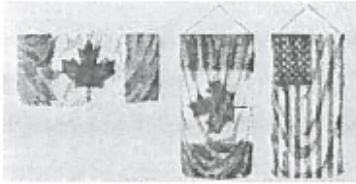


Figure 4

On a flagpole or mast

The top left (first) quarter or canton should be placed in the position nearest the top of the flagpole or mast. When carried, the guidelines listed under "[Dignity of the Flag](#)" should be respected.

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On a flag rope (halyard)

The canton should be placed uppermost, raised as closely as possible to the top with the flag rope tight.

Suspended vertically in the middle of a street

The upper part of the leaf should face the north in an east-west street (Figure 5), and face east in a north-south street (Figure 6), thus being on the left of the observer facing east or south respectively.



Figure 5



Figure 6

Projected from a building

Displayed horizontally or at an angle from a window or balcony, the canton must point outward.

Affixed on a motor vehicle

The flag must be on a pole firmly fixed to the chassis on the front right.

Sharing the same base - Three flags

When only three flags are displayed, the National Flag should be at the centre. To an observer facing the display, the second-ranking flag (in order of [precedence](#)) is placed to the left of centre, and the other to the right.

Flag Protocol and Proclamation Policy

A common combination of flags is that of the National Flag of Canada with a provincial or territorial flag, and a municipal flag or an organization's banner. In such a case, the National Flag should be in the centre with the provincial/territorial flag to the left and the municipal flag/organization's banner to the right (to an observer facing the display).

When used to cover a casket at funerals

The canton should be draped over the upper left corner of the casket (Figure 7). The flag should be removed before the casket is lowered into the grave or, at a crematorium, after the service. The flag size for a standard adult-sized casket should be 4 1/2 X 9 feet/ 1.40 X 2.80m.

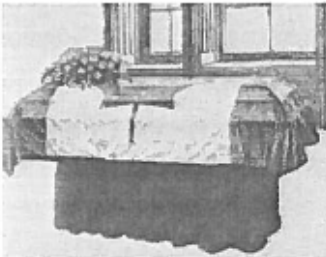


Figure 7

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Position of honour

Due consideration should be given to flag etiquette and precedence whenever the National Flag of Canada or other sovereign national flags or provincial/territorial flags are displayed.

The location of the position of honour depends on the number of flags flown and the chosen configuration. When two flags (or more than three flags) are displayed, the position of honour is furthest to the left (to an observer facing the display). When three flags are flown, the position of honour is in the centre (see "[Sharing the same base - Three flags](#)").

Precedence

The order of precedence for flags is:

1. The National Flag of Canada^[1]
2. The flags of other sovereign nations in alphabetical order (if applicable)^[2]
3. The flags of the provinces of Canada ([in the order in which they joined Confederation](#))
4. The flags of the territories of Canada ([in the order in which they joined Confederation](#))
5. The flags of municipalities/cities
6. Banners of organizations
7. Historical Flags^[3]

If one simply wishes to create a decorative effect (e.g. dressing a house for a festive occasion) it is preferable to use pennants or coloured bunting and not flags.

Alone

When the National Flag of Canada is flown alone on top of or in front of a building where there are two flagpoles, it should be flown on the flagpole to the left to an observer facing the flag.

When the National Flag of Canada is flown alone on top of or in front of a building where there are more than two flagpoles, it should be flown as near as possible to the centre (Figure 8).

Flag Protocol and Proclamation Policy

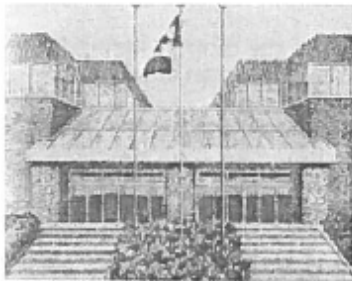


Figure 8

When the National Flag of Canada is displayed in a place of worship or on a speaker's platform, it should be against the wall, or on a flagpole on the left from the point of view of the congregation audience facing the celebrant or speaker (Figure 9).



Figure 9

When used in the body of a place of worship or auditorium, the National Flag of Canada should be to the right of the congregation or spectators facing the flag (Figure 10).

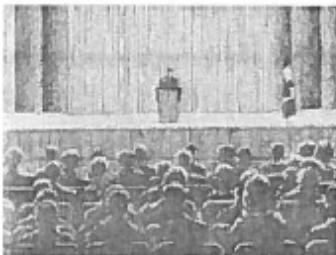


Figure 10

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With flags of other sovereign nations^[4]

The National Flag of Canada, when flown or paraded, takes precedence over all other national flags. When flown with the flags of other sovereign nations, all flags should be flown on separate flagpoles/masts and at the same height, all being of the same size, with the National Flag of Canada occupying the **position of honour**.

The National Flag should be raised first and lowered last, unless the number of flags permits their being raised — and lowered simultaneously.

With the flag of one other nation, the National Flag of Canada should be on the left of the observer facing the flags; both should be at the same height (Figure 11).



Figure 11

When crossed with a flag of another sovereign nation, the National Flag of Canada should be on the left of the observer facing the flags; the flagpole bearing the National Flag of Canada should be in front of the pole of the other flag (Figure 12).

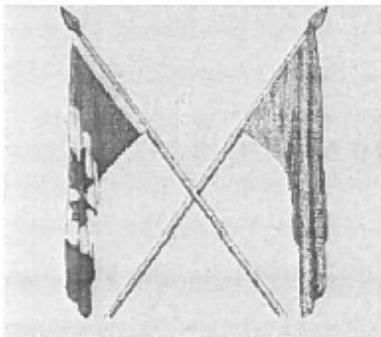


Figure 12

In a line of three flags, the National Flag of Canada should be in the centre. The other two flags should, in alphabetical order, be placed to the left and right of the National Flag respectively, from the point of view of the observer facing the three flagpoles/masts (Figure 13).

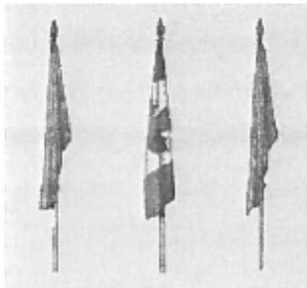


Figure 13

When there are more than three flagpoles/masts, the National Flag of Canada should be flown on the left of the observer facing the flags, followed by the flags representing the other sovereign nations ordered alphabetically. An additional National Flag of Canada may also be flown on the right at the end of the line (Figure 14).

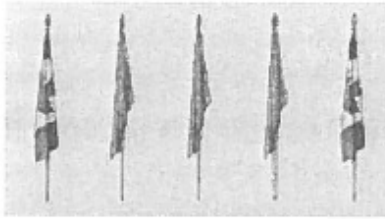


Figure 14

In a semi-circle of flags representing a number of sovereign nations, the National Flag of Canada should be in the centre (Figure 15).



Figure 15

In an enclosed circle of flags representing a number of sovereign nations, the National Flag of Canada should be flown on the flagpole/mast immediately opposite the main entrance to a building or arena (Figure 16).

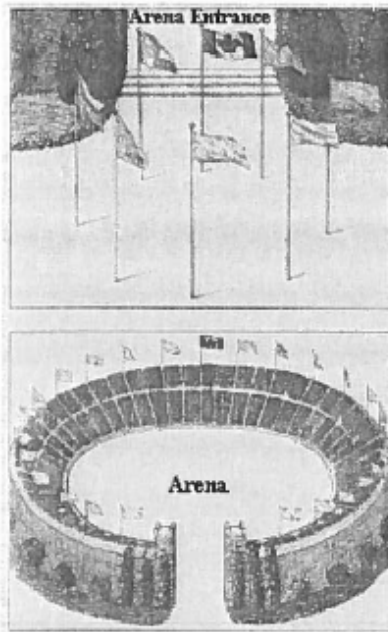


Figure 16

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Flag Protocol and Proclamation Policy

With a combination of flags of sovereign nations, provinces/territories, international organizations, cities, companies, etc.

In keeping with previously outlined practice, the National Flag of Canada, when flown with different types of flags, should be flown on the left of an observer facing the flags. The position of the other flags is determined by order of **precedence** (Figure 17).

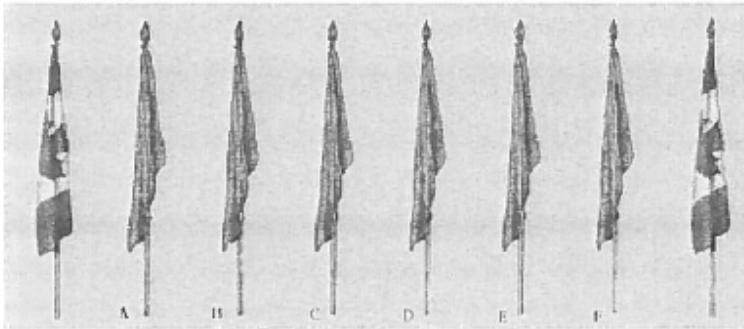


Figure 17

When displayed with a flag of another sovereign nation, a provincial/territorial flag, a company/association flag or club pennants on a flagpole fitted with a yardarm or a gaff, the National Flag of Canada is positioned as follows (Figure 18):

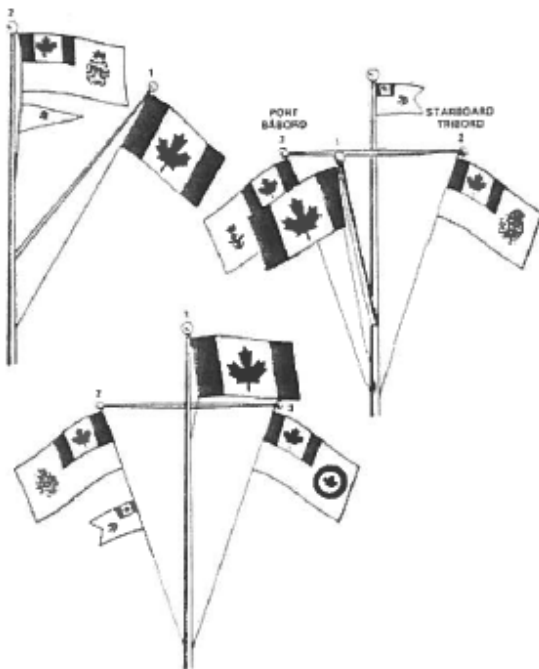
MASTS, YARDARMS AND GAFFS

Figure 18

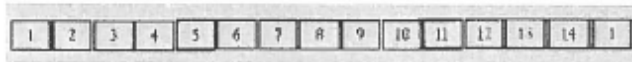
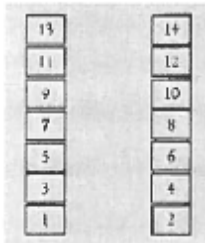
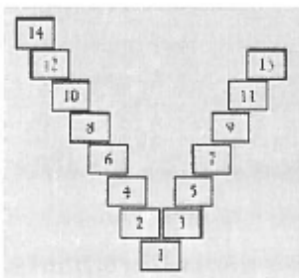
Flag Protocol and Proclamation Policy

With flags of the Canadian provinces and territories

When provincial and territorial flags are flown with the National Flag of Canada, the order is based on the date of entry into Confederation of the provinces followed by the territories. In a grouping of flags that includes the National Flag of Canada and all of the flags of the provinces and territories, the order of precedence is:

1. National Flag of Canada
2. Ontario (1867)
3. Quebec (1867)
4. Nova Scotia (1867)
5. New Brunswick (1867)
6. Manitoba (1870)
7. British Columbia (1871)
8. Prince Edward Island (1873)
9. Saskatchewan (1905)
10. Alberta (1905)
11. Newfoundland (1949)
12. Northwest Territories (1870)
13. Yukon (1898)
14. Nunavut (1999)

When there are more than three flagpoles/masts, the National Flag of Canada should be flown on the left of the observer facing the flags, followed by the flags of the provinces and territories. An additional National Flag of Canada may be displayed at the end of the line if desired.

Display along a wall**Display flanking an entrance****"V" display for visual effect**

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Carried in a procession

If carried with other flags, in a single file, the National Flag of Canada should always lead (Figure 19).

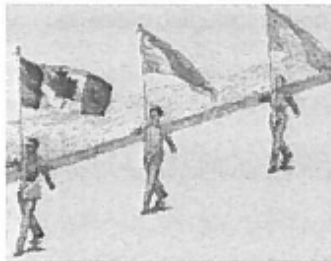


Figure 19

If carried in line abreast, it is preferable to have the National Flag of Canada at each end of the line (Figure 20).

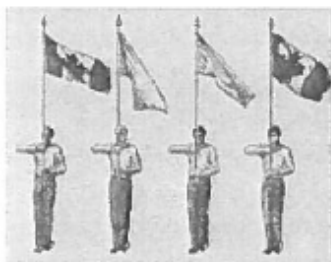


Figure 20

If only one National Flag of Canada is available, it should be placed in the centre of the line of flags carried abreast (Figure 21).



Figure 21

When the number of flags is even and the National Flag of Canada cannot be carried in the centre (of a line of flags abreast), it should be carried on the right-hand end of the line facing the direction of movement. (Figure 22)



Figure 22

Note: It is suggested that the pole or pike used to carry flags be 7 or 8 feet/ 2.10 to 2.40m in length.

Flown on ships and boats

The National Flag of Canada is the proper national colours for all Canadian ships and boats, including pleasure craft. The *Canadian Shipping Act* states that a Canadian ship shall hoist the flag on a signal being made to her by one of Her Majesty's Canadian ships, or any ship in the service of and belonging to the Government of Canada; on entering or leaving any foreign port; and if of 50 tonnes gross tonnage or upwards, on entering or leaving any Commonwealth port.

Foreign vessels may fly the Canadian flag as a "courtesy flag" when they are berthed in a Canadian port. The flag then is customarily flown from the foremast.

General rules governing merchant vessels and pleasure craft are as follow:

- the flag should be worn in harbour and in territorial waters but need not be worn while under way on the high seas unless the vessel wishes to identify her nationality to another ship;
- whenever possible, the proper place for a vessel to display the national colours is at the stern, except that when at sea, the flag may be flown from a gaff;
- when in harbour the flag should be hoisted at 0800 hours and lowered at sunset;
- when a merchant ship and a warship of any nationality pass or overtake one another, the merchant ship should dip the flag as a gesture of courtesy. If on a staff, the lowest corner of the flag should be brought to the level of the rail and kept there until the salutation is acknowledged by the naval vessel. If flown from a gaff, the flag should be lowered to six feet (1.80m) above the level of the deck, until the salute is acknowledged;
- in times of mourning, the flag may be flown at half-mast, which places the upper corner of the flag next to the staff at approximately three-quarters of full-hoist. As on land, a flag hoisted to or lowered from half-mast position must first be hauled close-up.

Half-masting for Mourning

Flags are flown at the half-mast position as a sign of mourning.

The flag is brought to the half-mast position by first raising it to the top of the mast then immediately lowering it slowly to the half-mast position.

The position of the flag when flying at half-mast will depend on the size of the flag and the length of the flagstaff. It must be lowered at least to a position recognizably "half-mast" to avoid the appearance of a flag which has accidentally fallen away from the top of the mast owing to a loose flag rope. A satisfactory position for half-masting is to place the centre of the flag exactly half-way down the staff **(Figure 23)**.

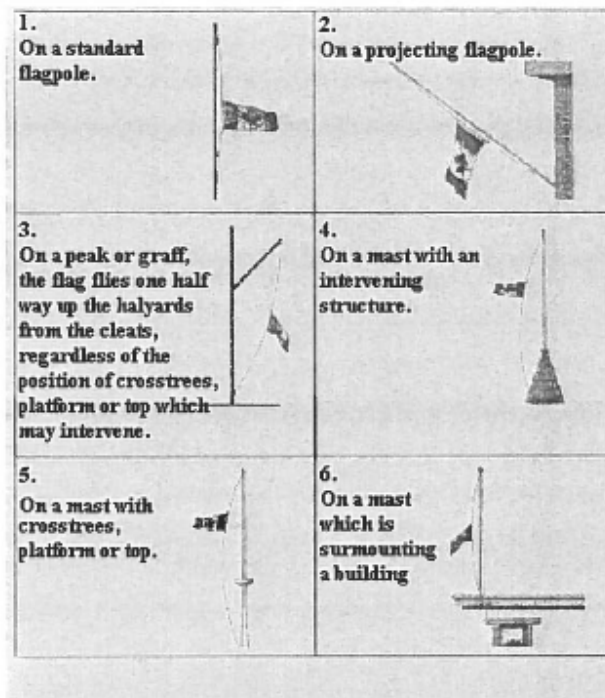


Figure 23

On occasions requiring that one flag be flown at half-mast, all flags flown together should also be flown at half-mast. Flags will only be half-masted on those flagpoles fitted with halyards and pulleys. Some buildings fly flags from horizontal or angled poles, without halyards, to which flags are permanently attached. Flags on these will not be half-masted.

Disposal of Flags

When a flag becomes tattered and is no longer in a suitable condition for use, it should be destroyed in a dignified way.

Rules for Half-masting the National Flag of Canada

Notes

- ^[1] Her Majesty's Personal Canadian Flag, the standards of members of the Royal Family as well as the standard of the Governor General and the standard of the Lieutenant Governor (in his/her province of jurisdiction and when assuming the duties of the representative of The Queen) take precedence over the National Flag of Canada on the buildings where these dignitaries are in residence or where they are attending a function.
- ^[2] There are exceptions when flying the Union Jack as outlined under the chapter entitled "**The Royal Union Flag**".
- ^[3] For rules on flying historical flags along with the National Flag of Canada, consult the **Historical Flag Policy** and **Rules for Flying Historical Flags in Canada** for more information.
- ^[4] The flag configurations shown in figures 11 to 16 also apply when the National Flag of Canada is flown with one or more **provincial/territorial** flag.

Date modified : 2014-02-13

SCHEDULE C



Application for Proclamation

POL.COR.21.01

Please complete and submit your completed form to the Town Clerk at least 3 weeks in advance of the occasion.

Organization Name	
Contact Name	
Address	
Phone Number	
Email Address	

Proclamation Requested (Name/Title of Proclamation)

Dates of Proclamation (Please check and insert dates)

☐	Day(s)	☐	Week	☐	Month
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Purpose of Proclamation (Please check all that apply)

☐	Civic Promotions	☐	Public Awareness Campaign	☐	Charitable Fundraising Campaign
☐	Arts and Cultural Celebration	☐	Special Honour for Individual/Organization	☐	Other (please specify)

Description of Your Organization (Please include a brief description and any other relevant information related to your request. Additional information/documentation may be attached to this application.)

Has the same or a similar proclamation been requested of the Town of The Blue Mountains Council in the past?

☐ Yes (insert date of previous request) ☐ No

Please provide the draft wording for your proclamation for Council consideration in order to receive an official signed proclamation from the Mayor.

☐ Proclamation Flag (please provide photo of the proposed flag if applicable)

Signature: _____ Date: _____

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

Date Request Received _____

Proclamation Outcome

☐ Approved ☐ Denied ☐ Other

Approved/Denied By _____

Approval Date _____

Additional Comments _____

SCHEDULE D

Town Proclamation List

Month	Official Proclamation
January	None
February	Eating Disorder Awareness Week
March	Amyloidosis Awareness Month
April	Autism Awareness Day Earth Day/Pitch In Canada Week National Volunteer Week
May	NAOSH (Health, Safety and Wellness Week) National Public Works Week International Building Safety Month
June	Safe Kids Week Pride Week World Elder Abuse Awareness Day Longest Day of SMILES CDKL5 Awareness Month
July	None
August	None
September	National Day for Truth and Reconciliation Legion Week Canadian Cancer Society CIBC Run for the Cure (Pink Week) Childhood Cancer Awareness Month
October	Fire Prevention Week Waste Reduction Week Childcare Worker and Early Childhood Educator Day Toastmasters Month

Month	Official Proclamation
November	Giving Tuesday International Day for the Elimination of Violence Against Women
December	None

Additional Days of Recognition

- [Crime Stoppers Awareness Month](#) – January
- [Alzheimer's Awareness Month](#) – January
- [Black History Month](#) – February
- [World Thinking Day](#) – February 22
- [International Women's Day](#) – March 8
- [International Day for the Elimination of Racial Discrimination](#) – March 21
- [World Down Syndrome Day](#) – March 21
- [World Water Day](#) – March 22
- [Purple Day \(Epilepsy Awareness\)](#) – March 26
- [International Transgender Day of Visibility](#) – March 31
- [BeADonor Month](#) – April
- [Tourism Week](#) – April 24 to 30
- [Emergency Preparedness Week](#) – May 1 to 7
- [National Physicians Day](#) – May 1
- [National Nurses Week](#) – May 8 -14
- [International Firefighters Day](#) – May 4
- [International Day Against Homophobia, Transphobia, and Biphobia](#) – May 17
- [National AccessAbility Week](#) – May 28 to June 3
- [National Indigenous History Month](#) - June
- [National Police Week](#) – May 14 - 20
- [National Drowning Prevention Week](#) – July 17 to 21
- [International Overdose Awareness Day](#) – August 31
- [National Seniors Day](#) – October 1
- [Small Business Week](#) – October 15 to 21
- [Local Government Week](#) – October 16 to 20
- [National Housing Day](#) – November 22
- [Human Right Day](#) – December 10